

2019 Ph H1 Q19

Section: Particles and Waves

Topic: Spectra

Question Summary

Hydrogen absorption in the Sun's outer layers: with energy levels E_0, E_1, E_2, E_3, E_4 available, how many distinct absorption lines can be produced by electron transitions between these levels?

Worked Solution

An absorption line corresponds to an electron absorbing a photon and moving from a lower to a higher level.

With 5 levels ($E_0 \dots E_4$), the number of distinct upward transitions is the number of unordered pairs (lower \rightarrow higher).

Count of such transitions = $C(5,2) = 5 \times 4 / 2 = 10$.

Therefore there are 10 possible absorption lines.

Final Answer

D — 10 lines

Revision Tips

- For n energy levels, the number of possible absorption lines is $n(n-1)/2$ (all lower \rightarrow higher pairs).
- Emission lines follow the same counting but correspond to higher \rightarrow lower transitions.
- Each line frequency satisfies $\Delta E = hf = hc/\lambda$.