# 2017 Ph H2 Q3

Section: Our Dynamic Universe

**Topic:** Vertical Motion

# (a) (i) Question Summary

A ball is thrown vertically upwards with initial vertical velocity +5.6 m s<sup>-1</sup> (from the graph).

Find the time to reach maximum height.



 $t = 0.57 \, \mathrm{s}$ 

# Working

At the top: v=0.

$$v = u + at \Rightarrow 0 = 5.6 - 9.8t$$
  
 $t = \frac{5.6}{9.8} = 0.57 \text{ s.}$ 

# (a) (ii) Question Summary

Find the distance the ball falls from its maximum height to the ground.



### Answer:

$$s = 3.0 \,\mathrm{m}$$

## Working

 $v^2 = u^2 + 2as$ 

From the graph, the ball hits the ground at  $v=-7.7\,\mathrm{ms^{-1}}$ .

$$(-7.7)^2 = 0^2 + 2(9.8)s$$

$$s = \frac{59.3}{19.6} \approx 3.0 \,\mathrm{m}.$$

## (b) Explanation

A ball thrown upwards with **greater initial velocity** would produce a **steeper upward line** on the velocity-time graph, crossing zero later, and continuing further to negative velocities before hitting the ground.