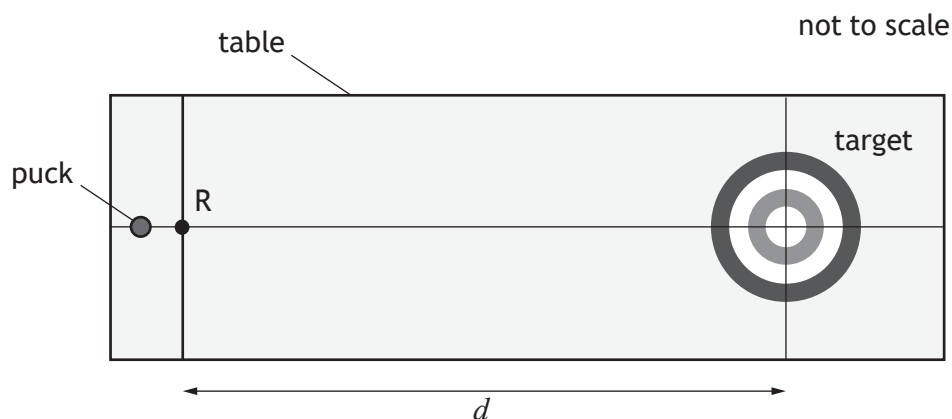


2. A student carries out an experiment to investigate friction between a puck and the surface of a table.



The student measures the mass  $m$  of the puck.

The student pushes the puck and releases it at point R. The student measures the initial speed  $u$  of the puck as it is released at R.

The puck travels distance  $d$  before coming to rest in the centre of the target.

The student records the following measurements:

mass of puck,  $m = 0.350 \text{ kg}$

initial speed of puck,  $u = 0.78 \text{ m s}^{-1}$

distance travelled by puck,  $d = 2.160 \text{ m}$ .

- (a) (i) Calculate the average acceleration of the puck between point R and the centre of the target.

*Space for working and answer*

3



2. (a) (continued)

- (ii) Calculate the magnitude of the average force of friction between the puck and the table.

3

*Space for working and answer*

- (b) The student determines the absolute and percentage scale reading uncertainties for each measurement.

	Measurement	Absolute uncertainty	Percentage uncertainty
Mass of puck, $m$	0.350 kg	$\pm 0.001$ kg	0.3%
Initial speed of puck, $u$	$0.78 \text{ m s}^{-1}$	$\pm 0.01 \text{ m s}^{-1}$	1.3%
Distance travelled by puck, $d$	2.160 m	$\pm 0.001$ m	0.05%

The student makes the following statement:

‘The best way to reduce the uncertainty in the value calculated for the average force is to use a balance that measures to the nearest 0.0001 kg to measure the mass of the puck.’

Explain why the student’s statement is incorrect.

1

[Turn over

