

⑧ No real roots so  $b^2 - 4ac < 0$

$$(m-4)^2 - 4(1)(2m-3) < 0$$

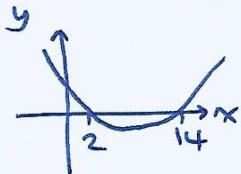
$$m^2 - 8m + 16 - 4(2m-3) < 0$$

$$m^2 - 8m + 16 - 8m + 12 < 0$$

$$m^2 - 16m + 28 < 0$$

$$(m-2)(m-14) < 0$$

$$2 < m < 14$$



Question			Generic scheme	Illustrative scheme	Max mark
8.			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>•<sup>1</sup> use discriminant</li> <li>•<sup>2</sup> apply condition</li> <li>•<sup>3</sup> identify roots of quadratic expression</li> <li>•<sup>4</sup> state range with justification</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>•<sup>1</sup> <math>(m-4)^2 - 4(1)(2m-3)</math></li> <li>•<sup>2</sup> <math>(m-4)^2 - 4(1)(2m-3) &lt; 0</math></li> <li>•<sup>3</sup> 2, 14</li> <li>•<sup>4</sup> <math>2 &lt; m &lt; 14</math> with eg labelled sketch or table of signs</li> </ul>	4

#### Notes:

1. At •<sup>1</sup>, treat the inconsistent use of brackets: For example  $m-4^2-4(1)(2m-3)$  or  $(m-4)^2-4 \times 1 \times 2m-3$  as bad form only if the candidate deals with the unbracketed terms correctly in the next line of working.
2. Where candidates express  $a$ ,  $b$  and  $c$  in terms of  $m$ , and then state  $b^2-4ac < 0$ , award •<sup>2</sup>.
3. If candidates have the condition 'discriminant  $> 0$ ', 'discriminant  $\leq 0$ ' or 'discriminant  $\geq 0$ ', then •<sup>2</sup> is lost but •<sup>3</sup> and •<sup>4</sup> are available.
4. Ignore the appearance of  $b^2-4ac = 0$  where the correct condition has subsequently been applied.
5. If candidates only work with the condition 'discriminant  $= 0$ ', then •<sup>2</sup> and •<sup>4</sup> are unavailable.
6. Accept the appearance of 2 and 14 within inequalities for •<sup>3</sup>.
7. At •<sup>4</sup> accept " $m > 2$  and  $m < 14$ " or " $m > 2, m < 14$ " together with the required justification.
8. For the appearance of  $x$  in any expression of the discriminant, no further marks are available.

#### Commonly Observed Responses:

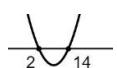
##### Candidate A - no expressions for $a$ , $b$ and $c$

No real roots  $b^2-4ac < 0$

$$m^2-16m+28=0$$

$$m=2, m=14$$

$$2 < m < 14$$



•<sup>1</sup> ✓  
•<sup>3</sup> ✓  
•<sup>2</sup> ✓ •<sup>4</sup> ✓

In this case •<sup>2</sup> is only available  
where •<sup>4</sup> is awarded

##### Candidate B

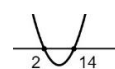
$$(m-4)^2-4(1)(2m-3)$$

$$m^2-16m+28=0$$

$$m=2, m=14$$

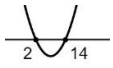
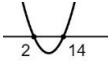
$$b^2-4ac < 0$$

$$2 < m < 14$$



•<sup>1</sup> ✓  
•<sup>3</sup> ✓  
•<sup>2</sup> ✓ •<sup>4</sup> ✓

In this case •<sup>2</sup> is only available  
where •<sup>4</sup> is awarded

Question	Generic scheme	Illustrative scheme	Max mark
<b>8. (continued)</b>			
<b>Candidate C</b> $(m-4)^2 - 4(1)(2m-3)$ $b^2 - 4ac = 0$ $m^2 - 16m + 28 = 0$ $m = 2, m = 14$ $m^2 - 16m + 28 < 0$ $2 < m < 14$ 	$\bullet^1 \checkmark$     $\bullet^3 \checkmark$ $\bullet^2 \checkmark$ $\bullet^4 \checkmark$	<b>Candidate D</b> $(m-4)^2 - 4(1)(2m-3)$ $m^2 - 16m + 28 = 0$ $m = 2, m = 14$ $2 < m < 14$ 	$\bullet^1 \checkmark$     $\bullet^2 \times$ $\bullet^3 \checkmark$  $\bullet^4 \checkmark_2$
<b>Candidate E - not solving a quadratic</b> $m - 4^2 - 4(1)(2m-3) < 0$ $-7m - 4 < 0$ $m > -\frac{4}{7}$	$\bullet^1 \times \bullet^2 \checkmark \bullet^3 \times$   $\bullet^4 \checkmark_2$		