

2024 Higher Chemistry Paper 1 - Q6

Section: Nature's Chemistry

Topic: Isomerism & Nomenclature (Carboxylic acids)

Question summary (Q6):

Isovaleric acid has shortened structural formula

$(\text{CH}_3)_2\text{CHCH}_2\text{COOH}$. Which option is an isomer of isovaleric acid?

Worked Solution:

- Determine the molecular formula of isovaleric acid:



- An isomer must have the same molecular formula but a different structure.

- Check each option:

A. 2-methylbutanoic acid $\rightarrow \text{C}_5\text{H}_{10}\text{O}_2$ and is a position isomer (methyl at C-2, not C-3).

B. 3-methylbutanoic acid \rightarrow this is isovaleric acid itself (identical, not an isomer).

C. 2-methylpentanoic acid $\rightarrow \text{C}_6\text{H}_{12}\text{O}_2$ (different formula).

D. 3-methylpentanoic acid $\rightarrow \text{C}_6\text{H}_{12}\text{O}_2$ (different formula).

Final Answer: A — 2-methylbutanoic acid

Revision Tips:

- For common names: isovaleric acid = 3-methylbutanoic acid ($\text{C}_5\text{H}_{10}\text{O}_2$).

- Isomers share the same molecular formula; position isomers differ in the location of a substituent.

- Pentanoic acids have 5 carbons; any “methylpentanoic acid” has 6 carbons (not an isomer here).