2025 Bi H2 Q11

Section: Sustainability and Interdependence

Topic: Crop Protection

Question Summary:

This question investigates the effect of sumithion concentration on hatching success, asks about variables, control treatments, drawing a graph, interpreting results, and problems with pesticide use.

Worked Solution

- (a)(i) The independent variable is the sumithion concentration.
- (a)(ii) One variable to control is the **temperature** of the water, or the **species** or **age** of the eggs.
- (a)(iii) Control concentration: **0.0 mg per L**. Purpose: To **compare** the effect of the insecticide and show the hatching success without sumithion.
- **(b)** A line graph should show a **decrease** in hatching success as sumithion concentration increases.
- (c) Conclusion: As sumithion concentration increases, hatching success decreases.
- (d) Another problem with pesticide use is **bioaccumulation**, **persistence** in the environment, or development of **resistant pest populations**.

Final Answer:

Independent variable: sumithion concentration. Control: 0.0 mg per L,

used for comparison. Conclusion: Higher concentrations reduce hatching success. Other problem: persistence, bioaccumulation, or resistant pests.

Revision Tips

- Always identify independent, dependent, and controlled variables clearly.
- Controls allow valid comparisons.
- Pesticides may persist or bioaccumulate.
- Graph trends must match table values exactly.